THE FIVE BEHAVIORS OF A COHESIVE TEAM[®]

Comparison Report

Based on *The New York Times* best-selling book *The Five Dysfunctions of a Team* by Patrick Lencioni SA PL

For Martin Gilmore

Working with Kathryn Petersen

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This report is provided by:



Introduction

A cohesive team needs to master five behaviors: building trust, mastering conflict, achieving commitment, embracing accountability, and focusing on results. Accomplishing all of this takes more than just understanding the concepts—team members need to have a meaningful understanding of themselves and their peers.

Since the team is made up of individuals, one-on-one relationships can have a big impact on the team as a whole. This report is designed to help you better understand Kathryn and give the two of you the tools to build a more effective working relationship. All of the information is derived from the responses you and Kathryn gave on your Five Behaviors of a Cohesive Team[®] assessments. Before you begin, take a look at the overview of the five behaviors below:

Trust One Another

When team members are genuinely transparent and honest with one another, they are able to build vulnerability-based trust.

Engage in Conflict Around Ideas

When there is trust, team members are able to engage in unfiltered, constructive debate of ideas.

Commit to Decisions

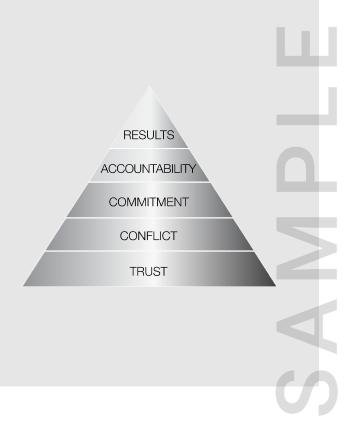
When team members are able to offer opinions and debate ideas, they will be more likely to commit to decisions.

Hold One Another Accountable

When everyone is committed to a clear plan of action, they will be more willing to hold one another accountable.

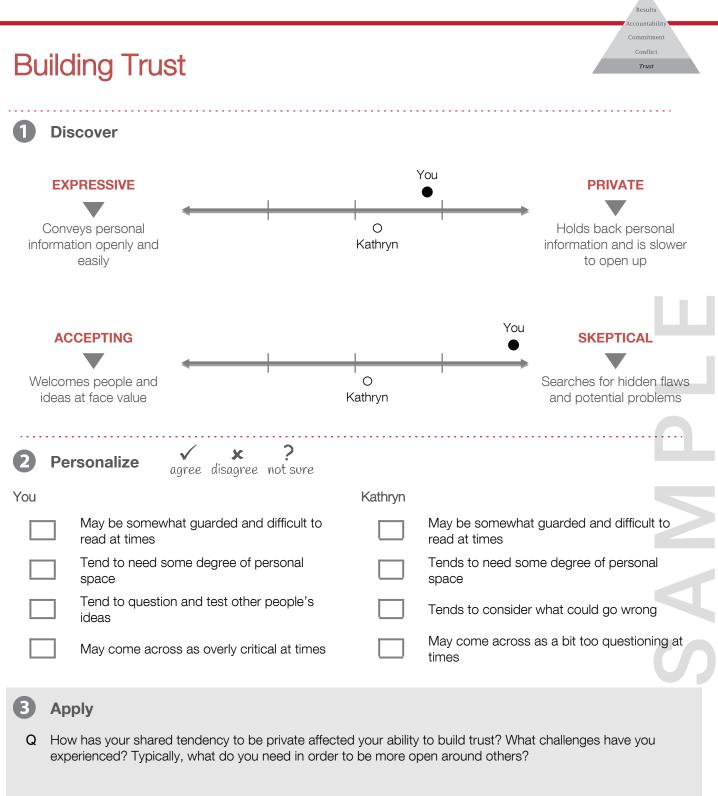
Focus on Achieving Collective Results

The ultimate goal of building greater trust, productive conflict, commitment, and accountability is one thing: the achievement of results.



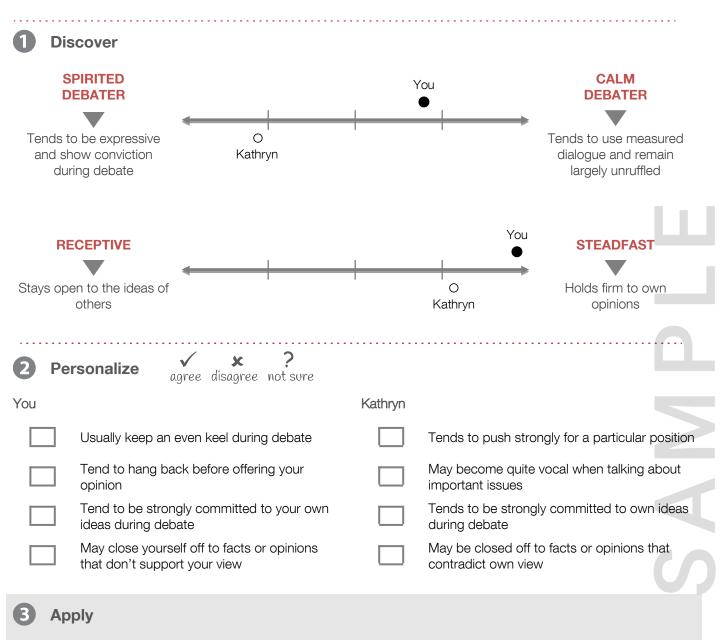
Results Accountabilit^e Commitment

Conflict



Q How have your similarities in being questioning and doubtful impacted your relationship? Does this differ from your experiences with more accepting colleagues?

Mastering Conflict



- **Q** What do you notice about your tendency to be a calm debater and Kathryn's tendency to be a spirited debater? How do the two of you typically resolve issues?
- **Q** Have you ever had to debate an issue with Kathryn? If so, were you both inclined to stand firm with your opinions? How does being steadfast impact the way you handle conflict?

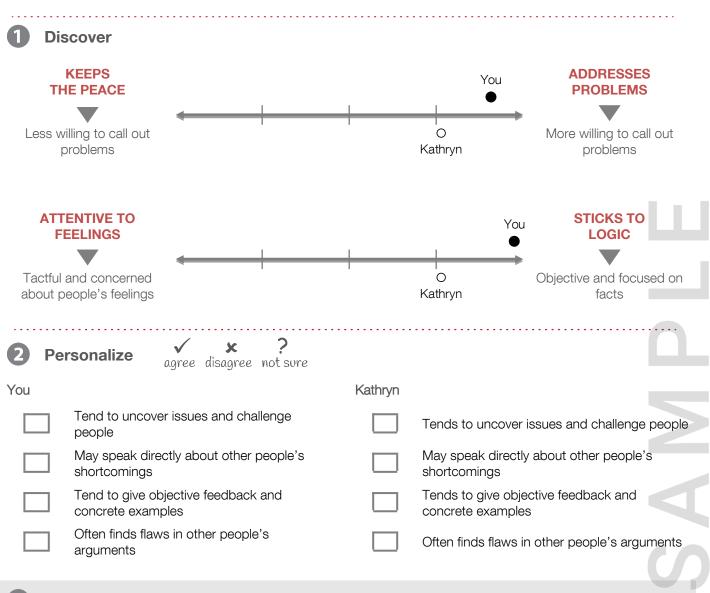
Results Accountability Commitment *Conflict*



Q Do you and Kathryn ever need to make decisions together? If so, what does this process look like? Do you try to keep your options open?

Q What are the implications of your shared tendency to be strong-willed? How do you think this might impact team commitments?

Embracing Accountability



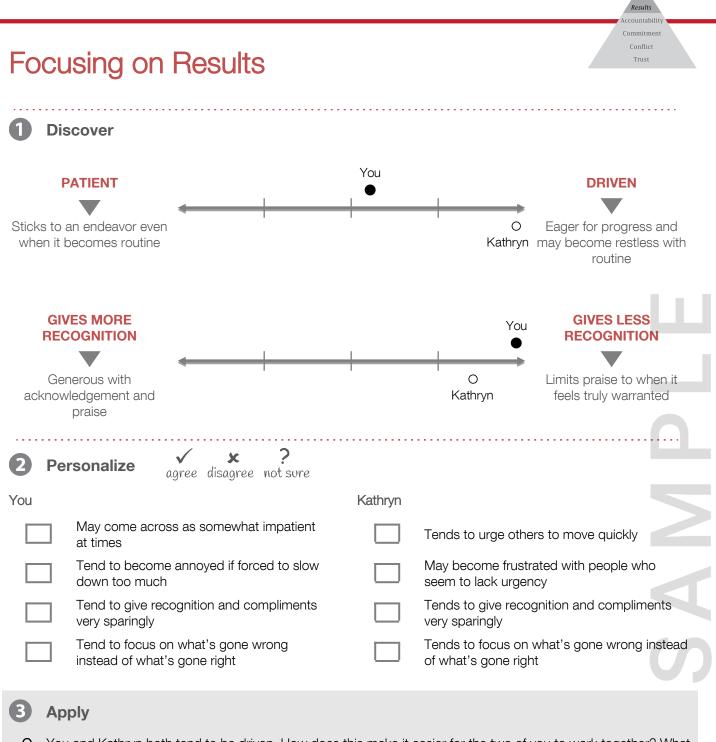
3 Apply

- Q What would be the best way for Kathryn to address a problem that involves you?
- **Q** Does your shared focus on logic bring about any challenges? What are the benefits of focusing on objective facts over feelings?

Results Accountabilit

Conflict

Trust



- **Q** You and Kathryn both tend to be driven. How does this make it easier for the two of you to work together? What are the drawbacks?
- **Q** You both appear to be pretty selective when it comes to giving recognition. What impact has this had on your relationship and your work?

How can you complement each other?

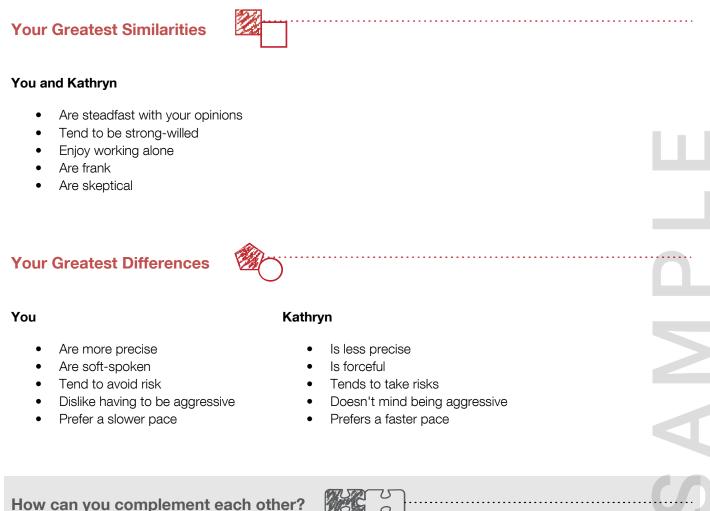
- You help Kathryn maintain a measured, thoughtful cadence during tense exchanges.
- Neither of you expects a lot of recognition or praise from the other.
- Kathryn will join your efforts to convey a sense of urgency and push for immediate results.
- Kathryn respects your need for personal space.

Results Commitment Conflict

Trust

More Similarities and Differences

Martin, this page includes some additional information about you and Kathryn, including some of your similarities, differences, and ways that the two of you have the potential to complement each other.



Summary and Action Plan

Read through the suggested tips and use the extra space for your notes or reflections.

Kathryn is somewhat private.	 Make an effort to ask questions to help Kathryn open up. 	
Kathryn is somewhat private. You're very skeptical.	questions to help Kathryn	
You're very skeptical.		
	open up.	
Kathrvn is somewhat skeptical.	Clarify Kathryn's intentions	
	before jumping to	
	conclusions.	
From Conflict		
	Make it clear when you are	
Kathryn is a very spirited debater.	feeling pressured by	
	Kathryn's tone.	
	-	
You're very steadfast.	Avoid getting into a power	
Kathryn is very steadfast.	struggle over whose idea	
	will prevail.	
	wiii prevaii.	
From Commitment		
You're somewhat likely to remain open.	 Set a reasonable timeline 	
Kathryn is very likely to remain open.	for making decisions	
	together and stick to it.	
	0	
You're very strong-willed.	 Evaluate your differences 	
Kathryn is very strong-willed.	in a constructive way, like	
	listing pros and cons.	
	0.1	
From Accountability		
	 Regularly and explicitly 	
Kathryn is very likely to address	discuss expectations	
problems.	before problems arise.	
	 State your concerns 	
Kathryn is very likely to stick to logic.	objectively, but also give	
	Kathryn a turn.	
	-	
From Results	a Identify ofference where	
	 Identify situations where a hit many matieness and a 	
Kathryn is very driven.	bit more patience could	
	pay off.	
You're very unlikely to give recognition.	Build recognition into your	
Kathryn is very unlikely to give	plans.	
recognition.	pians.	

Results Accountability Commitment

> Conflict Trust